







## **SMART SPECIALIZATION STRATEGY OF NORTH-EAST ROMANIA**

"Project cofinanced by European Regional Development Fund through POAT 2007 - 2013"

## **SWOT ANALYSIS**

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STRONG POINTS	WEAK POINTS
<ul> <li>Identification of industrial agglomerations which could by "clusterised" – wood and furniture industry, machinery and equipment industry, rubber products industry</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Low value of GDP in the North-East Region - intra-regional disparities accentuated</li> <li>Low value of GDP/capita</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Existence of six clusters – medical imaging, clothing, tourism, new media, ICT, food industry</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Structure of gross value added at the county level is heterogeneous</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Strong link between PIB/capita and expenses on research- development</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Employment rate in the region much lower than the national average</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>The share of SMEs in total firms is high (99.7%) and similar to the national and European level</li> <li>The existence of dedicated network innovation activity and the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Uneven distribution of active local units in counties in the region (highly concentrated in Iasi and highly dispersed in Botosani and Vaslui)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>The existence of dedicated network innovation activity and the Regional Innovation Laboratory</li> <li>Second place in the national ranking in terms of the number of innovative enterprises, most of them making both product and process innovation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Density of SMEs very low, placing the region in last place nationally</li> <li>Reduced spirit of initiative of the population in terms of number of new enterprises</li> </ul>









- Existence of Centres of Excellence in higher education institutions
- The existence of the 79 recognized research centers CNSIS
- Business infrastructure well represented at regional level
- High number of PhD's and doctoral schools in the region, most of them choosing real and technical profile
- Skilled labor in RDI
- The high rate of youth employment

- Low levels of foreign direct investment in 2011 7th place nationally, most investments are in areas with low added value
- Low competitive potential for Suceava, Neamt, Bacau, Vaslui and inexisting competitive potential in the county of Botosani
- Last place in terms of innovation expenditure
- Labour productivity below the national average
- Low share of expenditures on research and development in the region's GDP
- Results of the CD enterprises below national average (turnover, number of employees)
- Low number of employees in research and development in the region
- Reduced collaboration between business environment and universities / research institutes - low technological transfer









OPPORTUNITIES	THREATS
■ The share allocated to the Member State level of R&D and	Legislative, political, economic and institutional instability
innovation and the competitiveness of SMEs for the period 2014-2020	Reduced ability for co-financing
<ul> <li>Develop a national strategy for research, development and</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Emigration of qualified personnel, particularly in the areas of</li></ul>
innovation 2014-2020	knowledge-intensive
<ul> <li>Funding opportunities for research and development projects</li></ul>	<ul> <li>The reluctance of enterprises to invest in research and</li></ul>
by national and structural funds	development activity
<ul> <li>Development of business environment as a result of</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Lack of coordination among different sectoral policies with</li></ul>
establishment of business support infrastructure	implications for the development of the RDI sector